

ParisMatch

Ontology Matching at Scale

Antoine Amarilli

Pierre Senellart

Fabian M. Suchanek

Télécom ParisTech

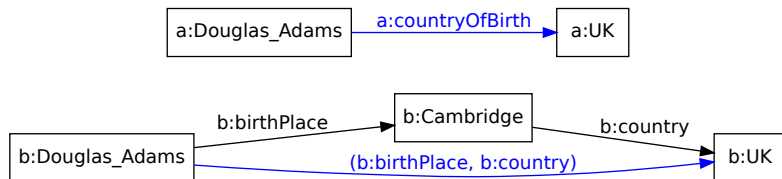
Performance

- Millions of entities, tens of millions of facts.
- In-memory, multithreaded computation.

BerkeleyDB, SSD	RAM, 1 thread	RAM, 4 threads
20h30	1h15	26m

Table : Running times for the DBpedia–YAGO alignment task.
Intel Core i7-3820 CPU clocked at 3.60 Ghz, 48 GB of RAM.

Join Relations



- Simplest possible difference in structure between ontologies.
- Relations of one ontology correspond to **join relations** in the other ontology.
- Similar to the “join” operator of **relational calculus**.

Literal Similarity Functions

Edgar R. Burroughs	Douglas Adams	and Constance Garnett
Edgar Rice Burroughs	Adams, Douglas	Constance Garnett

- The original PARIS uses an **exact** literal equality function.
- Ad-hoc refinements: adjust for **case**, strip **special characters**...
- **More general** : index the literals using **shingling** :
 - hash the shingle sets through random hash functions
 - keep the minimum values (**MinHashing**)
- Use the index to compute **pairs** of similar literals efficiently!