Altruistic behavior and social signaling: a study of an extreme example

DIG Seminar





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De Caro (XVIIth), *Sansom Destroying the House of Philistines*; from <u>wikigallery.org</u>

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Presentation structure

Altruism (online): a theoretical puzzle

Framework: costly signal theory

Internship: altruistic suicide

Preliminary results and two-tier model

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Research question

How can (online) altruistic behavior be explained from a theoretical standpoint?

Online **altruistic** behavior:







Images extracted from <u>https://www.shareicon.net</u>

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Theoretical puzzle:

- Economic angle: tragedy of the commons (Hardin, 1968)
- Biological angle: evolution and maintenance of prosocial behaviors?

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Costly signal theory



Economics: Veblen (1899), Spence (1974) -

Springbok stotting



Costly signal theory



Th. biology: Zahavi (1975), Grafen (1990)
Economics: Veblen (1899), Spence (1974)

Audience







Images extracted from Wikipedia; icon from <u>https://www.iconsdb.com</u> ⁹



Profile: first moderator by alphabetical order

187,659 REPUTATION



Contributions (top 0.01%)

Elected moderator



Profile: first moderator by alphabetical order

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Contributions (top 0.01%)

Elected moderator

Social benefits





How can (online) altruistic behavior be explained from the standpoint of social signaling theory?

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Voluntary behavior

Results in death

For the sake of a group



De Caro (XVIIth), *Sansom Destroying the House of Philistines*; from <u>wikigallery.org</u>



Flag of Imperial Japan; from wikipedia.org



Advertising poster for the movie *300*; from <u>imdb.com</u>





Advertising poster for the movie *300*; from <u>imdb.com</u>



Altruistic suicide as social signal?



Audience

Altruistic suicide as social signal?







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Hypotheses	During intergroup conflict "martyrs" are revered	Admiration parameter
	Social status is in part heritable (Service, 1971)	Admiration for a "hero" spills over to children
Conjecture	Altruistic suicide may emerge as a signal of one's patriotism	Gene: propensity to self-sacrifice



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Under simplifying assumptions, a non-trivial Nash equilibrium exists, with:

$$f(S,p) = \frac{2}{S} * \left(1 - \frac{p * \log(1+S)}{(1-p) * S}\right)$$

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Hypotheses	Possible social signals
Intergroup conflict: risk of betrayal by friends	

Group A Group = ?

"Endogenous" model: ideas



Hypotheses	Possible social signals
Intergroup conflict: risk of betrayal by friends	Honor martyrs and their children to signal patriotism

Group = ? Group A

"Endogenous" model: ideas



"Endogenous" model: ideas



Conjecture

During intergroup conflict, honoring and self-sacrifice may co-emerge, notably depending on expected cost of betrayal

Hypotheses		Parameter
Intergroup conflict: risk of betrayal		Proportion t/2, cost DC
Honoring is capped for potential 'traitors'		Cap MO
Possible social signals		
Altruistic suicide	Gene1: Self-Sacrifice	
Honoring martyrs	Gene2a: Patriot	
and their kin	Gene2b: Non-Patriot	
	G	ene3: Demand







t = 25%







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Conclusion

	Social Benefits	Prediction	80-
First-order signal	Posthumous glory	A small fraction of "martyrs" emerges	70 - 60 - 50 - SelfSacrifice RememberedHeroes
Second- order signal	Friendship	Generalized signaling; radicalization?	40 - Patriot 30 - NonPatriot 20 - 10 -
		Both levels are mutually reinforcing	0 0 25 50 75 100 125 150 175 200 DenunciationCost

	Social Benefits	Prediction
First-order signal	Asymmetrical, global bonds	An elite emerges, visible + intense signals
Second- order signal	Symmetrical, local bonds	Generalized signaling, at a low intensity
		Both levels are mutually reinforcing

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ļ	First-order signal	Asymmetrical, global bonds	An elite emerges, visible + intense signals
V	Second- order signal	Symmetrical, local bonds	Generalized signaling, at a low intensity
		Gp. of "friends"	Both levels are mutually reinforcing



Informational bubbles and (fake) news



References

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